

PHILLIPSBURG HERALD.

"SPEAK TO THEM THAT THEY GO FORWARD."

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PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1883.

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Drugs and Medicines, Fancy Toilet Articles and Perfumery.

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Pure Drugs, Medicines and
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Manufacturer of Tinware, and all kinds of repairing done promptly.

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Barefooted Horses and Bad Shoeing.

I owned a mare for fourteen years which was never shod. I used her for breeding from a colt, and kept her without shoes because it was better for my purpose, as she would not be so liable to injure her colts, and she was not driven enough to require shoeing. This mare was never lame or tender-footed, but she would slip on smooth ice, and once fell down in crossing a pond, and would have injured herself (as she could not gain a foot hold) if she had not been held down until removed. She was gotten off the ice by pulling a rope around her body and hitching another horse to it and sliding her so eral rods broadside, to the shore. Her feet were not hurt, and contained all the natural rim on the bottom, which, it is claimed, in a state of nature will hold horses up, keeping them from slipping anywhere.

There is a vast difference in the wearing effect on horses' feet of prairie land where there is an absence of grit; on plains where there is more or less grass to soften the footfall, and also an absence of gravel, and a gravelly road. On such a road a horse might go on a walk, if not driven too much, without wearing the hoofs to the extent of becoming footsore, but if driven on a trot or galloped any considerable amount, it would become footsore. I have known colts while running in the pasture in summer on gravelly soil, by the natural wear of the feet and in stamping on account of flies—to wear the hoofs away so that they became decidedly tender-footed.

There is a great difference in horses about stepping; some strike the feet very hard on the ground and others lightly. The former would be sure to get footsore without shoes, and with them unless well shod, while the latter might do very well barefooted, under possible circumstances. There is also a great difference in the shape of horses' feet; some are born flatfooted and become crippled unless extra care is had in their shoeing; others have hoofs so upright and hard that they will endure neglect and keep their feet in sound condition.

A flatfooted horse usually has a soft hoof, which wears out rapidly. It is apparent from these facts that a general rule to deprive horses of shoes cannot be made always practicable.

A horse well shod, so that the outer rim of the hoof rests fully on the shoes, will always travel better than one poorly shod or one barefooted. The curse of shoeing is the buttress—an instrument which a blacksmith seems to delight in using to cut down a horse's heels, and more horses are made tender-footed from this abuse than all other causes.

Farmers are very apt to allow their horses to wear their shoes so long that the outside of the hoof grows over them, and they grind the soft and tender portion of the foot, producing corns; whereas the shoe should always rest upon the rim or outside. This neglect is the worst kind of economy, as it often results in permanent injury to valuable animals. Such shoeing is worse than no shoes, but this abuse is not a conclusive argument against shoeing, but should be conclusive against bad shoeing.—*Saratoga, in N. Y. Tribune.*

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The recent Garfield fair at Washington realized nearly \$10,000.

A light shock of earthquake was felt in Halifax, N. S., the other night, lasting twenty to thirty seconds.

The Indian chief Red Cloud visited his grandchildren at the Hampton (Va.) Normal School a few days ago.

The death of Rev. Titus Coon, an American Missionary at the Sandwich Islands, was announced a few days ago.

JANUARY 1, 1882, standard silver dollars in circulation was \$38,791,043. On the 1st of January, 1883, the amount was \$38,905,288.

DURING the seven days ended on the 5th there were 234 business failures in the United States, against 199 for the previous seven days.

At the recent election General Joseph Wheeler was elected to Congress from the Eighth Alabama District, over McClellan, by 2,000 majority.

The other day Red Cloud called on Secretary Teller at Washington and demanded \$10,000 horses taken from him six years ago by Governor Cook.

GOVERNOR RUSK, of Wisconsin, was called upon to appoint all the officers for Waushara County except sheriff, the other day, those elected having failed to file bonds.

J. D. TAYLOR was elected by about 1,000 majority at the recent congressional election in the Seventeenth Ohio District to fill the vacancy caused by the death of J. T. Updegraff.

THE other day the leading rubber factories of the country were seriously concerned regarding the property of making a \$25,000, 000 consolidation, to handle the entire crop of Brazil.

W. R. MOILEY, who was killed in Mexico the other day by the accidental discharge of a revolver, built the Sonora railway and was chief engineer of the Mexican Central Road.

MR. SENECA, of Montreal, Canada, financier, recently reported having formed a syndicate in Europe, with a capital of \$5,000,000, and made a contract for a cable from Queenstown to Halifax, N. S.

VETERINARY surgeons, after a post-mortem examination of four victims of the horse disease raging in Oklahoma, Mo., the other day decided the cause of death to have been cerebro-spinal meningitis.

LARGE gaps had appeared in the wall of the central tower of the Peterborough Cathedral, London, Eng., the other day. The tower was to be demolished. The Cathedral was said to be one of the finest in England.

A COMMERCIAL paper, in a recent article on mercantile failures for 1882, says that the business disasters for last year numbered 7,574, against 5,929 in 1881, and 4,529 in 1880, being an increase in 1882 of 1,645 over the year previous.

THE following State officers were elected in a joint convention of the Maine Legislature on the 4th: Joseph O. Smith, Secretary of State; Harry B. Clives, Attorney-General; George L. Beale, Adjutant-General. Governor Bodie was inaugurated with the usual ceremonies.

GREAT damage was being done by the floods in Germany on the 3d. At Dusseldorf the Market Square was flooded. Seventy houses had fallen at Badenheim, and at Raxheim, Morsch and Oppau two hundred miles from Berlin. At Vienna, Austria, the danger was serious, and preparations were being made to sound the alarm bells. The dykes showed signs of yielding.

On the 3d the Connecticut Legislature organized by the choice of Robert Colt President pro tem. of the Senate and the election of Charles H. Pine Speaker of the House. In the Massachusetts Legislature on the 4th, Joseph O. Smith, Secretary of State; Harry B. Clives, Attorney-General; George L. Beale, Adjutant-General. Governor Bodie was inaugurated with the usual ceremonies.

RECENTLY the Bureau of Statistics prepared a valuable table showing the average ad valorem rates of duty collected from the various classes of imports during the fiscal year, 1882. The amount of duty collected was 73-100 per cent. of the value of the dutiable imports. The average ad valorem rates of duty on leading articles of imports were as follows, omitting the fractions of one per cent.: Sugar, molasses and confectionery, 32 per cent.; wool and manufactures of wool, 31 per cent.; silk and manufactures of silk, 31 per cent.; cotton and manufactures of cotton, 29 per cent.; iron and manufactures of iron, 40 per cent.; steel and manufactures of steel, 40 per cent.; spirits and wines, 71 per cent.; tobacco and manufactures of tobacco, 73 per cent.; earthenware and china, 45 per cent.; glass and glassware, 56 per cent.; salt, 45 per cent.; hats, bonnets and hoods, 40 per cent.; marble and manufactures of marble, 61 per cent.; soap, 45 per cent.

Forty years ago Ludwig Fasznacht disappeared from his home in Reutlingen, Germany, and was not again heard of. The family became convinced in time, and the brothers came to the conclusion, N. J., and started a watch-repairing shop. The other day another German stepped into the shop in Paterson to get his watch repaired, and giving the same name as the watchmaker, the latter asked what part of the world the customer came from. The answer led the way to the discovery that the customer and the watch-maker were brothers. The new-comer had been living until recently near Jerusalem, Penn., and was at the Centennial exhibition with some cedar wood furniture made by another brother. The Paterson watchmaker had, when he visited the Exposition, examined the exhibit and asked a number of questions about it, not having the slightest suspicion that the goods were the product of an establishment owned by one brother and that the man in charge was another brother, while in Jerusalem, adopted the name of Weber, which is the reason they escaped recognition in Philadelphia by the Paterson Fasznacht.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE other day, at Little Kid, East Hawksbury, Ont., a hired man murdered R. W. Cooke and wife, eldest daughter and one son. Another son had a thigh broken and Fanny Cooke, going to her brother's assistance, received a severe wound in the breast, but would recover.

At Reading, Pa., while watch-night services were being held in a church, twenty young men backed a large cannon against the building and fired it. The front wall was crushed in and every pane of glass was shattered down upon the congregation. Several of the mischief-makers were sent to jail.

THE other day Mrs. Abram Fotheringham, of Beaver, Utah, left her baby girl sitting in a high chair in front of the fire-place playing with a doll. A couple of neighbors happening to call directly after found the child fallen upon the fire and was literally roasting alive. It lived about six hours.

FOR two years some person unknown had devoted his time mainly to annoying a musician of Providence, R. I., named Arthur P. Ryder, by sending him vast quantities of circulars and samples of goods, the latter often coming by express. The other day a load of bricks was sent to his place of business.

WHILE thirty Penitentiary convicts, mostly negroes, and two white guards, engaged at the Carney tunnel, on the Western North Carolina Railroad, Jacksonville, N. C., were crossing the Turkestege River on a flat, the other morning, one of the convicts discovered that the flat was leaking and gave the alarm, which caused a panic. The men all rushed to one end of the flat and it immediately sunk. Only two of the convicts were saved. One of the guards washed ashore below the rapids in a canoe, but was restored to consciousness.

THREE emergency bailiffs were approaching Upper Cross, County Tipperary, Ireland, a day or two ago, going for provisions, when they were attacked by some half-breed and a dog named the same, who fired at the bailiffs, killing one named Gleeson, and wounding some others. A corner's jury the next day returned a verdict of wilful murder against the bailiffs.

WHILE handling a toy pistol George Boone, a 13-year-old boy, was wounded in the hand at Vincennes, Ind., on Christmas day. Lockjaw set in and he died a few days ago.

AT Boston, Mass., Jane White, a negro woman, entered suit the other day against D. L. Stafford, white, for \$5,000 damages for breach of promise. The plaintiff's age was forty and the defendant's sixty.

By a boiler explosion in a box factory at Muskegon, Mich., four men were killed the other day. At Fillmore Centre, Mich., the boiler in a flour mill exploded and six men were injured—two died. Two more would die. In the Sewer-pipe Works at Muskegon, Mich., on the 4th, a boiler exploded, killing one man and wounding another. The boiler was said to be one of the finest in England.

By a fire in a lively stable fourteen horses were cremated at New York a day or two ago.

AT a meeting held at Pittsburgh, Pa., the other day, the Western Iron Association voted to reduce the tariff on the tariff in its plate by Congress.

THE other day Willie Butler, aged twelve, and a French lad were fatally injured while coasting near South Berwick, Me.

A few days ago the Mayor of Jersey City, N. J., was cited to appear in court and show cause why a tax levy of 1882 should not be set aside on the ground that exemptions of railroad property were in violation of the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

FIRE swept away seven stores and a dwelling at Manistee, Mich., a few nights ago.

By the explosion of a boiler in a portable saw-mill at Lafayette, O., the other day, James Roberts, fireman, was killed. One of the proprietors, named Hesser, was mortally wounded.

It is reported that a son of General Cavanaugh, one of the heroes of Lucknow, was arrested at Quebec, Ont., a few days ago, charged with robbery.

AT Fairbairn, Minn., L. M. Sage, fatally shot Chief of Police Shipley for trying to arrest him the other day.

By agreement between the attorneys, in the County Court at Denver, Colo., the other day, Mrs. Taber was granted a divorce from her husband, Lieutenant-Governor Taber, on the grounds of desertion, with \$200 alimony.

RECENTLY the Board of Health at Washington, D. C., during two months previous nine thousand people had been stricken with small-pox, and two thousand four hundred had died. The negroes objected to vaccination.

A FEW days ago, at Grand Lake, Colo., County Commissioner Waldron was engaged in beating his wife, when a miner named Plummer remonstrated, for which he was shot dead.

FOR striking a Turkish officer who had insulted him the Italian Consul at Tripoli was in difficulty the other day. The Moslems demanded his punishment.

ISHAM SCOTT was hanged at Paris, Tex., on the 3th, for the murder of Joseph Spears, about three years ago. Michael O'Rourke, who murdered old man Maher and his daughter in January, 1882, was hanged at Melton, Ont., on the same day.

S. M. PHILLIPS, a Justice of the Peace, at Coolidge, N. M., whose life had been threatened by a desperado named Hase Brown, got the drop on his adversary and ended his career the other day.

FIRE totally destroyed the elevator of E. L. Williams at Keokuk, Iowa, valued at \$100,000, the other day.

TWENTY-TWO \$100 bonds had been missing for some days from the vault of the Davenport (Iowa) National Bank, and the other day the messenger, C. Dismar, who had been employed for ten years in that capacity, was charged with converting them to his own use.

THREE men were injured and one killed by a fall of coal at Ashland, Pa., on the 6th.

FOUR masked men captured, bound and gagged four inmates of a farm-house twenty miles from Chicago, near Downer's Grove, Ill., on the 6th, and, securing \$1,300 in cash, rode away on four of the proprietors' horses.

In a cave two miles from Lancaster, O., a notorious sneak-thief, with a wagon-load of plunder, an armory of weapons and a complement of burglars' tools, were found the other day.

RECENTLY at Labatte, a small town near Pachucha, Tex., a wretched charlatan inoculated seventeen persons with the pus from a small-pox corpse. They all took the disease in its most malignant form and two had died.

RUSSELL LESTER went from Muskogee, Indian Territory, to Vitla, to kill a man named Rutledge the other day. His design was interfered with by the police and Rutledge turned up later with a shot-gun and killed Lester.

O'BRIEN & POWERS' knitting mill, Morrison, Caldwell & Pape's rolling mill, and the Patrick Gurgley Paper mills at Cohoes, N. Y., were totally destroyed by fire a day or two ago. The loss was said to be \$250,000; insured for two-thirds.

F. J. GOSLINE, furniture manufacturer at Phillipsburg, Pa., suspended a few days ago. Liabilities, \$120,000. Perry & Casella, boot and shoe manufacturers, Montreal, Canada, failed for \$124,000, with assets of half that amount.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

DEC. 30.—In the House the Senate bill to reform the civil service and prevent official misbehavior was taken from the Speaker's table and referred. Senate bill extending the term of the United States, with an amendment limiting the extension to one year, was reported by the Committee on Commerce, and an amendment appropriating \$4,000 to reimburse the United States for like expenses, was passed. The House adjourned to Tuesday, January 1.

JAN. 2.—Several petitions were presented for the passage of a bill giving increased pensions to one-armed and one-legged soldiers. Mr. Garland, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported a substitute for all the bills providing for the forfeiture of certain railroad bonds. The bill authorizes the Attorney-General to institute suits in the name of the United States against the roads granted bonds which have not patented the same, with a view of obtaining judgment and forfeiture, and the forfeiture of the bonds. The bill provides for the passage of the act the roads in question shall have made substantial progress in the construction of the road, and the roads in question shall be exempt from judgment and forfeiture. Mr. Logan resumed his argument against the bill. The bill was passed. In the House a bill placing tobacco exported to Canada and Mexico on the same footing as it is exported to other countries. A number of unimportant bills were also passed.

JAN. 3.—In the Senate a number of petitions were presented for a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors. Mr. Logan introduced his speech in opposition to the bill. Mr. Porter bill, and Mr. McPherson made a speech in favor of the bill. The bill was then reported to the Senate. In the House a bill to amend the act to distribute notice to the several States for educational purposes was passed. The House went into committee of the whole on the Army Appropriation bill, Mr. Townsend (O.) in the chair.

JAN. 4.—In the Senate Mr. Morrill, from the Committee on Finance, reported the House bill to reduce internal revenue taxation with an amendment embracing an entire revision of the tariff and of the machinery for its collection. Several amendments were reported. The West Point Appropriation bill was taken up and passed. Consideration of the Honored Wills bill was resumed and the bill was finally passed. In the House petitions were presented for the passage of a bill to amend the act to distribute notice to the several States for educational purposes was passed. The House went into committee of the whole on the Army Appropriation bill, Mr. Townsend (O.) in the chair.

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